600 Comox Road, Courtenay, BC V9N 3P6 Tel: 250-334-6000 Fax: 250-334-4358 Toll free: 1-800-331-6007 www.comoxvalleyrd.ca

October 3 2019



Memo

DATE

File: 3360-20/CP 1CV 19

	000000000000000000000000000000000000000
TO:	Advisory Planning Commission Agricultural Advisory Planning Commission
FROM:	Planning and Development Services Branch
RE:	Official Community Plan Amendment Cannabis Cultivation, Processing and Sales

The attached Official Community Plan Amendment is for commission members' review and comment.

The Official Community Plan is being updated to address how the cultivation, processing and sales of cannabis is being licensed by the federal and provincial governments. The update will replace the three policies [21(2), 58(3) and 62(2)] that speak to "medical marihuana production facilities" with the following:

Section 21.(2) "Cannabis cultivation may be permitted as an agricultural or industrial use where the size and configuration of the building(s) do not detract from the rural character of the surrounding area and there are measures to mitigate potential noise, glare, odour, and emissions relative to adjacent land uses."

Section 21(3) "In addition to the considerations of Section 21.(2), applications involving cannabis cultivation should also provide: (a) information pertaining to liquid and solid waste management systems; (b) information pertaining to the provision of rainwater management that maintains or restores the natural bydrological function of a property; (c) mitigation of impacts on environmentally sensitive areas and/or features; (d) consideration of the effect on any adjacent land uses including residential uses and working landscapes; and, (e) consideration of the cumulative impacts of all cannabis cultivation and processing in an area."

[Agricultural Areas] Section 58(3) "New or modified cannabis cultivation, processing and sales within the Agricultural Land Reserve should consider consistency with relevant Agricultural Land Reserve regulations and bylaw standards as published by the Ministry of Agriculture."

[Resources Areas] Section 62(2) "Cannabis cultivation and processing should be directed away from the Comox Lake watershed and other watersheds relied upon for drinking water."

For more information, please refer to the attached staff reports dated May 6 and September 4, 2019, which were considered by the Comox Valley Regional District Board on May 28 and October 1, 2019.

Sincerely,

T. Trieu

Ton Trieu, RPP, MCIP Manager of Planning Services Planning and Development Services Branch

/jm

Attachment: Staff Report Dated May 6, 2019 Staff Report Dated September 4, 2019



RE:	Bylaw Updates Relating to Cannabis Cultiva	tion, Processing and Sales
	Chief Administrative Officer	R. Dyson
FROM:	Russell Dyson	Supported by Russell Dyson Chief Administrative Officer
	Electoral Areas Services Committee	Supported by Russell Dyson
TO:	Chair and Directors	
DATE.	May 0, 2019	FILE : 3350-20 / CP 1CV 19
DATE:	May 6, 2019	

Purpose

The purpose of this report is to recommend the initiation of a review and update of the policies of the Official Community Plan (OCP) and the provisions of the Planning Procedures and Fees Bylaw and the Building Bylaw regarding cannabis.

Recommendation from the Chief Administrative Officer:

THAT the Comox Valley Regional District Board direct staff to report back to the board with a recommended bylaw update and communication plan for updating Bylaw No. 337 being the "Rural Comox Valley Official Community Plan Bylaw No. 337, 2014", Bylaw No. 328 being the "Comox Valley Regional District Planning Procedures and Fees Bylaw No. 328, 2014" and Bylaw No. 142 being the "Comox Valley Regional District Building Bylaw No. 142, 2011", as the bylaws relate to cannabis (CP 1CV 19).

Executive Summary

- The new federal *Cannabis Act* creates licencing categories that include cultivation, processing and sales (medical) and the provincial *Cannabis Control and Licensing Act* creates licencing for cannabis retail stores.
- Currently, the OCP, Bylaw No. 337 being the "Rural Comox Valley Official Community Plan Bylaw No. 337, 2014" only considers "medical marihuana production facilities" as it was defined under the now-repealed *Marihuana for Medical Purposes Regulations*. An update to the OCP will provide direction for zoning regulations and considerations for applications relating to the newly legalized cannabis uses.
- As the new provincial licensing process for retail stores requires the local government to gather the views of residents and allows for the imposition of a fee to cover associated costs, Bylaw No. 328 being the "Comox Valley Regional District Planning Procedures and Fees Bylaw No. 328, 2014", should be updated to impose that fee and specify a minimum level of consultation prior to consideration of a cannabis retail sales application.
- The Building Bylaw, Bylaw No. 142 being the "Comox Valley Regional District Building Bylaw No. 142, 2011", can be reviewed regarding how it relates to a cultivation of cannabis use.
- Staff recommends updating these bylaws as they relate to cannabis.

Staff Report - Bylaw Updates Relating to Cannabis Cultivation, Processing and Sales

Prepared by:	Concurrence:	Concurrence:
J. MacLean	T. Trieu	A. Mullaly
Jodi MacLean, MCIP, RPP Rural Planner	Ton Trieu, MCIP, RPP Manager of Planning Services	Alana Mullaly, MCIP, RPP Acting General Manager of Planning and Development Services Branch

Background/Current Situation

On May 14, 2018, during consideration of a zoning amendment bylaw to prohibit cannabis cultivation, processing and sale, the Electoral Areas Services Committee adopted the following resolution:

"THAT staff report back to the Electoral Areas Services Committee with a fulsome analysis of options regarding regulations once the Cannabis Act and related regulations have been approved and made available to the public."

The *Cannabis Act* and its regulations came into force on October 17, 2018. They require a person to hold a licence issued by Health Canada in order to work with cannabis. The licence can be issued under one of the following categories:

- Cultivation (standard)
- Cultivation (micro-cultivation)
- Cultivation (nursery)
- Processing (standard)
- Processing (micro-processing)
- Sale (medical)
- Analytical testing
- Research
- Cannabis drug licence

The province, under the Cannabis Control and Licensing Act, issues the licencing for:

• Cannabis retail stores

Before submitting an application for a licence under a cultivation, processing or sale category, Section 7 of the *Cannabis Regulations* requires the applicant to notify the local government, the local fire authority and the local police detachment (licencing for analytical testing, research and cannabis drugs do not involve local governments). If the proposed cultivation, processing or sale of cannabis is not consistent with the local government's Zoning Bylaw, then the licence may not be approved.

<u>Context</u>

Since legalization of cannabis by the federal government, Comox Valley Regional District (CVRD) staff have received numerous enquiries from members of the public assessing the feasibility of cultivation and sale in the rural areas. Because the Zoning Bylaw prohibits such activity, an application for a zoning amendment or Temporary Use Permit (TUP) is required for any property owner before they can apply for a federal or provincial cannabis licence. To date, two such applications (all TUP applications) have been submitted, all for "micro-cultivation" which is a cultivation licence limited to a maximum surface area of 200 square metres. In reviewing applications staff takes direction from the objectives and policies of the OCP. Because the OCP contemplated cannabis only in the form of "medical marihuana production facilities" (MMPFs), which were large, secure facilities (though none were constructed in the Comox Valley), there is

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uncertainty in how smaller-scale proposals will be received in areas where the larger-scale production facilities were not permitted. Updating the OCP bylaw will provide a policy basis for future zoning regulations and clarity for the public regarding how applications will be reviewed.

Official Community Plan

The OCP was adopted in 2014 at a time when cannabis production and distribution was regulated by the *Marihuana for Medical Purposes Regulations*, and consequently, the OCP only speaks to MMPFs (equivalent to the new "standard cultivation" category) without consideration to micro-cultivation, processing or sale of cannabis. Policy 21.(2) of the OCP currently directs MMPFs to be considered only through a rezoning process and only in the Agricultural Areas and Resource Areas. The Agricultural Areas is a designation that overlaps with the *Agricultural Land Reserve* (ALR) and the Resource Areas is a designation that generally covers the areas used for forestry, primarily west of the Inland Highway. Policies 58.(3) and 62.(2) are the corresponding Agricultural Areas and Resource Areas policies that state the considerations for how a rezoning proposal will be reviewed.

The new framework, with allowances for smaller cultivation facilities with less requisite investments, makes operating such facilities feasible as accessory buildings in rural neighbourhoods, expanding existing legal (operated under a personal medical licence) facilities, or bringing illegal existing facilities into compliance.

Retail sales and processing of cannabis is consistent with the OCP's policies for commercial and industrial uses. Applications can be processed under those existing policies. While the OCP generally discourages the creation of new commercial and industrial areas outside of the Settlement Nodes, there are numerous existing commercial and industrial zoned properties where these uses may occur.

Agricultural Areas and Agricultural Land Reserve

Under the new framework, the ALR Regulations now allow cannabis cultivation, regardless of scale, but has conditions regarding buildings in which it is grown: they must have a base consisting entirely of soil or be a pre-existing, unaltered buildings constructed for the purpose of growing crops inside. BC Assessment currently does not accept cannabis production as a qualifying agricultural use for the purposes of evaluating farm status under the *Assessment Act*. However, within the ALR, cannabis cultivation is a "farm operation" as defined by the *Farm Practices Protection (Right to Farm) Act* for which nuisance (e.g. odour, noise) complaints are reviewed by the BC Farm Industry Review Board (BC FIRB) and exempted from local government nuisance bylaws. In 2018 the BC FIRB accepted two cases involving odour from a cannabis operation and are currently studying normal farm practices in that industry.

If the proposal is not consistent with the ALR Regulation then a non-farm use application is required. This type of application is reviewed by the CVRD Board in order to provide comments and recommendations to the Agricultural Land Commission (ALC), though the board has the option of refusing to forward the application to the ALC. Staff review of ALR applications are based on OCP policies, including Policies 21.(2) and (3) noted above and those listed in the Agricultural Areas section.

Building Bylaw

In the past, the CVRD has received numerous nuisance complaints regarding existing cannabis cultivation operations, mostly regarding sub-standard building construction and odour. Mandatory building permits for new buildings, or buildings whose use has changed, help address this concern. The proposed review would also include consideration of how a cultivation of cannabis use would be affected by the Building Bylaw, Bylaw No. 142, and its provisions for farm buildings.

<u>Staff Report – Bylaw Updates Relating to Cannabis Cultivation, Processing and Sales</u>

Planning Procedures and Fees Bylaw

Regarding sales of recreational cannabis, should an applicant apply to the province for a cannabis retail store licence, Section 33 of the *Cannabis Control and Licensing Act* requires the province to refer the application to the local government and not approve it until the local government provides a *"recommendation that the licence be issued*".

This Act, combined with Section 13 of the *Cannabis Licensing Regulation*, requires the local government take into consideration a proposed store's location and how it may affect nearby residents, and must use one or more of the following methods to gather the views of residents of an area:

"(a) by receiving written comments in response to a public notice of the application; (b) by conducting a public hearing in respect of the application; (c) by holding a referendum; (d) by using another method the local government...considers appropriate."

Section 35 allows the local government to impose fees, by bylaw, on an applicant in order to recover the costs incurred in assessing the application.

The proposed review of the Planning Procedures and Fees Bylaw would give consideration to the appropriate methods of gathering the views of residents and, based on those methods, the appropriate fee.

Policy Analysis

Section 471 of the *Local Government Act* (RSBC, 2015, c. 1) (LGA) authorizes a local government to establish an OCP for the purposes of stating objectives and policies to guide decisions on planning and land use management. Section 478 of the LGA requires subsequent zoning amendments to be consistent with the OCP. Section 475 requires the local government to consider opportunities for consultation, and specifically consider whether consultation is required with adjacent regional districts, municipalities, first nations, boards of education, improvement district boards, and provincial and federal governments and their agencies.

Options

The board may choose to:

- 1. Initiate a review and update of the Official Community Plan, Planning Fees and Procedures Bylaw and Building Bylaw as they relate to cannabis, or
- 2. Not initiate a process at this time.

Staff recommends option 1. Should the board choose to initiate the review process, staff will report back to the board with a recommended update and communication plan.

Financial Factors

These costs of the review process will be covered by the electoral areas planning function.

Legal Factors

The proposed review process is intended to ensure consistency of CVRD policies and regulations with relevant legislation that affects cannabis, including the federal *Cannabis Act* and the provincial *Cannabis Control and Licensing Act*, the *Cannabis Distribution Act* and the *Agricultural Land Commission Act*.

Regional Growth Strategy Implications

The Regional Growth Strategy includes goals and policies related to maintaining a high quality of life for residents, encouraging responsible expansion of the economic base of the Comox Valley, and promoting environmental best practices. Any proposed bylaw amendment must be consistent with this direction. The proposed bylaw amendment process includes referrals to the municipalities of Courtenay, Comox and Cumberland.

Intergovernmental Factors

Should the board choose to initiate the review process, staff will provide the board with a communication plan that include a list of agencies and First Nations which may be referred to for comment.

Interdepartmental Involvement

The review process includes referrals to relevant CVRD departments and their responses are incorporated into the considerations.

Citizen/Public Relations

Should the board choose to initiate the review process, staff will report back to the board with a recommended communication plan.



DATE:	September 4, 2019	
TO:	Chair and Directors	FILE : 3350-20 / CP 1CV 19
FROM:	Electoral Areas Services Committee Russell Dyson	Supported by Russell Dyson Chief Administrative Officer
TROM.	Chief Administrative Officer	R. Dyson
RE:	Bylaw Updates Relating to Cannabis Cultivat	ion, Processing and Sales

Purpose

To provide recommendations to the Comox Valley Regional District (CVRD) Board (the board) regarding a communication plan (Appendix A) an update to the Official Community Plan (Appendix B), and updates to the Planning Procedures and Fees Bylaw (Appendix C) and Building Bylaw (Appendix D) as the bylaws relate to cannabis cultivation, processing and sales.

Recommendations from the Chief Administrative Officer:

 THAT the Comox Valley Regional District Board endorse the communication plan as outlined in Appendix A and the recommended bylaw update information outlined in Appendix B of staff report dated September 4, 2019, and direct staff to start the external agency referral process for making provisions regarding cannabis in Bylaw No. 337 being the "Rural Comox Valley Official Community Plan Bylaw No. 337, 2014" (CP 1CV 19);

AND FINALLY THAT Comox Valley Regional District staff consult with First Nations in accordance with the referrals management program dated September 25, 2012.

- THAT the board consider first, second and third readings of Bylaw No. 584, being the "Comox Valley Regional District Planning Procedures and Fees Bylaw No. 328, 2014, Amendment No. 3" (CP 1CV 19), which inserts a procedure and fee relating to cannabis retail referrals (Appendix C).
- 3. THAT the board consider first, second and third readings of Bylaw No. 585, being the "Comox Valley Regional District Building Bylaw No. 142, 2014, Amendment No. 4" (CP 1CV 19), regarding the applicability of the bylaw to cannabis cultivation within farm buildings (Appendix D).

Executive Summary

- The recommended amendment to the Official Community Plan, Bylaw No. 337 being the "Rural Comox Valley Official Community Plan Bylaw No. 337, 2014" (OCP), would delete the existing policies referencing "Medical Marihuana Production Facilities" and replace them with a list of policy considerations for considering cannabis cultivation (Appendix B).
- Policies relating to the sale and processing of cannabis would remain integrated in the OCP's existing policies for commercial and industrial uses.
- The recommended communication plan includes referrals to First Nations, provincial and local government agencies, a webpage on the CVRD Website, memos to all Advisory Planning Commissions, newspaper notices and a public hearing (Appendix A).

Staff Report - Bylaw Updates Relating to Cannabis Cultivation, Processing and Sales

- The recommended amendment to the Planning Procedures and Fees Bylaw, Bylaw No. 328 being the "Comox Valley Regional District Planning Procedures and Fees Bylaw No. 328, 2014", would insert a \$1,000 fee payable by an applicant of a cannabis retail license and require public notification in order to fulfill the CVRD's role of gathering the views of residents as required in the *Cannabis Control and Licensing Act* (Appendix C).
- The recommended amendment to the Building Bylaw, Bylaw No. 142 being the "Comox Valley Regional District Building Bylaw No. 142, 2011", would clarify that buildings being used for cannabis cultivation do not qualify as "low human occupancy farm buildings" which would be exempt from Building Permits (Appendix D).
- Staff recommends consultation outlined in the communication plan (Appendix B) be initiated based on the policy updates to the OCP outlined in Appendix A, and that first, second and third readings to the updates to the Planning Procedures and Fees Bylaw and the Building Bylaw be given.

Prepared by:	Concurrence:	Concurrence:
J. MacLean	T. Trieu	S. Smith
Jodi MacLean, MCIP, RPP Rural Planner	Ton Trieu, MCIP, RPP Manager of Planning Services	Scott Smith, MCIP, RPP General Manager of Planning and Development Services Branch

Stakeholder Distribution (Upon Agenda Publication)

None

Background/Current Situation

On May 28, 2019, in response to the role created for local government in regulating the cultivation, processing and sale of cannabis, the CVRD Board adopted the following resolution:

"THAT the Comox Valley Regional District Board direct staff to report back to the board with a recommended bylaw update and communication plan for updating Bylaw No. 337 being the "Rural Comox Valley Official Community Plan Bylaw No. 337, 2014", Bylaw No. 328 being the "Comox Valley Regional District Planning Procedures and Fees Bylaw No. 328, 2014" and Bylaw No. 142 being the "Comox Valley Regional District Building Bylaw No. 142, 2011", as the bylaws relate to cannabis (CP 1CV 19)."

The *Cannabis Act* and its regulations came into force on October 17, 2018. Along with the *Cannabis Control and Licensing Act*, the federal/provincial licencing framework allows local governments to regulate the use of cultivation, processing and sale of cannabis through its land use regulations. Currently, the OCP directs production of medical cannabis to the Agricultural and Resource Areas and does not contemplate non-medical cannabis production, while the Zoning Bylaw broadly prohibits the commercial production, cultivation, processing and sale of cannabis in all zones.

Official Community Plan, Bylaw No. 337

Among other objectives, the OCP provides policy direction for the Zoning Bylaw and direction for reviewing planning applications. Section 21(2), concerning "economy and industry – policies (emergent industries)" which currently directs that site-specific rezonings be used to allow for the production of medical cannabis and only in the Agricultural Areas and Resource Areas, will be deleted and replaced with more specific provisions addressing commercial cannabis production. The draft policy (Appendix B) lists considerations for generally regulating or considering site-specific

Staff Report – Bylaw Updates Relating to Cannabis Cultivation, Processing and Sales Page 3

rezonings, including impacts affecting adjacent land uses and cumulative impacts affecting a neighbourhood. The draft policy directs that cultivation of cannabis be considered an agricultural or industrial use, meaning that it could be permitted and regulated in the Rural Settlement Areas and other areas where agricultural or industrial uses are permitted. Specific to the Agricultural Areas (e.g. areas within the *Agricultural Land Reserve* (ALR)) Section 58(3) directs that consideration be given to consistency with relevant ALR Regulations and bylaw standards as published by the Ministry of Agriculture. Similarly, Policy 62.(2) which is applicable to the Resource Areas only and currently lists those factors recommended to be moved to Section 21 so they apply broadly to all areas, would be replaced with the direction that cannabis cultivation and processing be directed away from the Comox Lake watershed and other watersheds relied upon for drinking water.

These draft revisions would direct cannabis retail stores to locate in accordance with the OCP's existing provisions for other commercial uses.

Planning Procedures and Fees Bylaw, Bylaw No. 328

Sections 33 to 35 of the *Cannabis Control and Licensing Act* state that the province must not issue a licence to sell cannabis unless the local government provides a "*recommendation that the licence be issued*" and that if the local government opts to provide comments and recommendations, it must gather the views of residents beforehand. That Act also states that the local government may impose fees, by bylaw, on the applicant in order to recover the costs incurred in assessing the application.

The draft bylaw amendment inserts a fee of \$1,000 payable by the applicant of a cannabis retail license and inserts a requirement that the CVRD gather the views of residents via a mailed notice (Appendix C). The notification radius is the same as planning applications, specified in Schedule A, Section 1(h) of the bylaw.

After the board reviews the referral and responses to the notification, the board may provide comments and recommendations to the province regarding the referral. Alternately, should the board seek to gather further views of residents, the bylaw allows the board to order a public information session (applicant incurs an additional \$1,000 fee) or statutory public hearing (applicant incurs additional \$1,500 fee) or an alternate notification area.

Building Bylaw

Building Bylaw, Bylaw No. 142, requires an owner to obtain a Building Permit prior to constructing, altering, or changing the occupancy of a building but exempts "*low human occupancy farm buildings located on land classified as 'farm' under the Assessment Act*". The draft amendment to the Building Bylaw clarifies that buildings being used for cannabis cultivation do not qualify as "low human occupancy farm buildings" (Appendix D).

Communication Plan

The communication plan (Appendix A) includes the following means of outreach to notify members of the public of the proposed amendments:

- Forward referrals to First Nations, provincial and local government agencies
- Webpage at <u>www.comoxvalleyrd.ca/cannabis</u>
- Memos to all Advisory Planning Commissions
- Newspaper notices
- Public hearing

If the communication plan is adopted as presented, the referrals would be sent and the webpage posted as soon as possible. The October meetings of the Advisory Planning Commissions would

Staff Report - Bylaw Updates Relating to Cannabis Cultivation, Processing and Sales

Page 4

include a memo regarding these proposed amendments. Based on the recommendations and feedback, first and second readings of the bylaws could occur in December and a public hearing in January.

Policy Analysis

Section 471 of the *Local Government Act* (RSBC, 2015, c. 1) (LGA) authorizes a local government to establish an OCP for the purposes of stating objectives and policies to guide decisions on planning and land use management. Section 478 of the LGA requires subsequent zoning amendments to be consistent with the OCP. Section 475 requires the local government to consider opportunities for consultation, and specifically consider whether consultation is required with adjacent regional districts, municipalities, First Nations, boards of education, improvement district boards, and provincial and federal governments and their agencies (Appendix A).

Section 33 of the *Cannabis Control and Licensing Act* requires the local government to gather the views of residents of an area prior to the province issuing a retail store licence. Section 35 authorizes the local government to impose fees on the applicant in order to recover the costs incurred in assessing an application for a cannabis retail store.

Options

Regarding the update to the OCP, the board may choose to:

- 1. Initiate a bylaw amendment process by adopting the communication plan, or
- 2. Not initiate a process at this time.

Regarding the update to the Planning Procedures and Fees Bylaw, Bylaw No. 218, the board may choose to:

- 1. Provide first, second and third readings of the bylaw as presented, or
- 2. Not update the bylaw at this time.

Regarding the update to the Building Bylaw, Bylaw No. 142, the board may choose to:

- 1. Provide first, second and third readings of the bylaw as presented, or
- 2. Not update the bylaw at this time.

Staff recommends options 1, to proceed with initiating the OCP bylaw amendment process with the proposed communication plan as presented, and providing first, second and third readings to the Planning Procedures and Fees Bylaw and Building Bylaw.

Financial Factors

Costs associated with this bylaw amendment process will include the cost of holding a public hearing, statutory advertising, and community engagement. These costs will be covered by the electoral areas planning function.

Legal Factors

The proposed bylaw amendment process is intended to ensure consistency of CVRD policies and regulations with relevant legislation that affects cannabis, including the federal *Cannabis Act* and the provincial *Cannabis Control and Licensing Act*, and the *Cannabis Distribution Act*.

Regional Growth Strategy Implications

The Regional Growth Strategy includes goals and policies related to maintaining a high quality of life for residents, encouraging responsible expansion of the economic base of the Comox Valley, and promoting environmental best practices. The proposed bylaw amendments are consistent with this

Staff Report – Bylaw Updates Relating to Cannabis Cultivation, Processing and Sales P

direction. The proposed bylaw amendment process includes referrals to the municipalities of Courtenay, Comox and Cumberland.

Intergovernmental Factors

The proposed communication plan (Appendix A) and the bylaw amendment process includes a list of agencies and First Nation organizations which may be referred to for comment.

Interdepartmental Involvement

An internal referral to relevant CVRD departments has been issued and the initial responses incorporated into this process. Further comments will incorporated into future reports during the bylaw amendment process.

Citizen/Public Relations

The proposed communication plan (Appendix A) includes provisions for public engagement, a public hearing, and referrals to all Advisory Planning Commissions.

Attachments: Appendix A – "Communication Plan (CP 1CV 19)"
Appendix B – "Summary of recommended OCP bylaw amendments relating to cannabis"
Appendix C – "Planning Procedures and Fees Bylaw Amendment"
Appendix D – "Building Bylaw Amendment"



Subject: <u>Official Communit</u>	y Plan Bylaw Update (Cannabis)	File: CP 1CV 19
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Purpose

To outline a consultation process relating to draft amendments to the Official Community Plan (OCP) Bylaw regarding cannabis.

Target Audiences:

- Residents within Electoral Area A (excluding Denman/Hornby Islands), B and C
- Comox Valley Regional District (CVRD) Board
- CVRD Electoral Areas Services Committee

Project Background:

- The federal *Cannabis Act* and provincial *Cannabis Control and Licensing Act* includes a role for local governments in regulating the location of cannabis licences for cultivation, processing or sales.
- Currently the OCP only considers "Medical Marihuana Production Facilities" as it was defined under the now-repealed *Marihuana for Medical Purposes Regulations*.
- As new federal and provincial regulations have changed industry standards and the role of local government, the OCP Bylaw is being updated to reflect these changes.
- Amendments to the OCP will include new policy considerations for regulating cannabis cultivation.

Spokesperson: Jodi MacLean, Rural Planner

Communication Objectives:

- 1. To increase awareness on how the OCP Bylaw will relate to cannabis cultivation, processing and sales.
- 2. To provide detailed information to the Electoral Areas Services Committee (EASC) and CVRD Board to assist with the decision-making process.
- 3. To receive feedback regarding policy changes.
- 4. To accept comments and recommendations from external agencies relating to draft bylaw amendments.

Budget: \$1,500

Elements	Description	Responsibility	IAP2	Budget	Due Date
			Spectrum		
Webpage	Maintain the webpage with information and process timeline. www.comoxvalleyrd.c	Content: Jodi Update/ Publish: Jennifer	Inform	Staff time	September 2019
	a/cannabis				
First Nations	Mail/email referrals in accordance with the referrals management program and integrate responses into future EASC report.	Jodi	Consult	Staff time	October 2019
Provincial and local government agencies	Mail/ email information with draft bylaws and the bylaw referral form and integrate responses into future EASC report.	Jodi	Consult	Staff time	October 2019
Improvement districts, and school district	Mail/ email information with draft bylaws and the bylaw referral form and integrate responses into future EASC report.	Jodi	Consult	Staff time	October 2019
Advisory Planning Commissions (APCs)	Review background information and recommendations	Jodi	Inform	APCs operate under planning budget	October 2019
EASC	1st and 2nd reading	Jodi	Consult	Staff time	December 2019 or January 2020
Public Hearing Ads	Statutory advertisements required during OCP amendments.	Content: Jodi Design/Book/ Distribute: Beverly	Inform	\$1,000	To be determined after scheduling of public hearing

Communication/Engagement Strategies:

Public Hearing	Statutory process to to receive feedback	Jodi	Consult	Staff time + \$500	To be scheduled
Treating	from the public.	Display Design:		materials	by EASC
		Beverly		(e.g. poster	
		(content by		displays,	
		Planning)		etc.)	
CVRD Board	Present feedback	Jodi	Consult	Staff time	To be
	from public hearing				determined
	to EASC.				
	Consideration of 3 rd				
	Reading and				
	adoption.				

Approval History

Created by:	April 2, 2019
Jodi MacLean	
Amended:	

Agency and First Nations Referral List

Pursuant to Section 475(2) and (4) of the *Local Government Act* (RSBC, 2015, c. 1), this list specifically considers whether consultation is required with the listed agencies. Those denoted with an \bigotimes will receive a referral of the proposal prior to a public hearing.

First Nations

\square	K'ómoks First Nation	\square	Homalco (Xwemalhkwu) Indian Band
\boxtimes	We Wai Kai First Nation	\boxtimes	Wei Wai Kum First Nation of the Kwiakah Treaty Society
\square	Laich-Kwil-Tach Treaty Society		

Provincial Ministries and Agencies

\square	Agricultural Land Commission		BC Assessment
	Ministry of Municipal Affairs and Housing		Ministry of Energy, Mines and Petroleum Resources
	Ministry of Environment and Climate Change Strategy		Ministry of Forests, Lands and Natural Resource Operations and Rural Development
	BC Parks	\square	Ministry of Transportation and Infrastructure
	BC Transit		Ministry of Jobs, Trade and Technology
	Ministry of Tourism, Arts and Culture		Ministry of Indigenous Relations and Reconciliation
\square	Ministry of Agriculture		Ministry of Labour
	Ministry of Health		

Local Government

\square	Comox (Town of)	Alberni-Clayoquot Regional District
\square	Courtenay (City of)	Strathcona Regional District
\square	Cumberland (Village of)	Regional District of Mount Waddington
	Islands Trust	Regional District of Nanaimo

Other

	Baynes Sound Denman / Hornby Islands (Electoral Area A) Advisory Planning Commission	\boxtimes	Agricultural Advisory Planning Commission
	Lazo North (Electoral Area B) Advisory Planning Commission	\boxtimes	School District No. 71 (Comox Valley)
	Puntledge – Black Creek (Electoral Area C) Advisory Planning Commission	\boxtimes	Vancouver Island Health Authority (Environmental Health)
\square	Union Bay Improvement District		Fanny Bay Water Works District
	Ships Point Improvement District		

Appendix B



Summary of Recommended Bylaw Amendments Relating to Cannabis

Official Community Plan, Bylaw No. 337

- Delete Section 21.(2) "Consider medical marihuana production facilities licensed pursuant to the marihuana for medical purposes regulations through a rezoning within the agriculture area and resource area designations subject to the conditions included in part 3 of this OCP."
- Insert Section 21.(2) "Cannabis cultivation may be permitted as an agricultural or industrial use where the size and configuration of the building(s) do not detract from the rural character of the surrounding area and there are measures to mitigate potential noise, glare, odour, and emissions relative to adjacent land uses."
- Insert Section 21.(3) "In addition to the considerations of Section 21.(2), applications involving cannabis cultivation should also provide:
 - (a) information pertaining to liquid and solid waste management systems;
 - (b) information pertaining to the provision of rainwater management that maintains or restores the natural hydrological regime of a property;
 - (c) mitigation of impacts on environmentally sensitive areas and/or features;
 - (d) consideration of the effect on any adjacent land uses including residential uses and working landscapes; and,
 - (e) consideration of the cumulative impacts of all cannabis cultivation and processing in an area.
- Delete Section 58.(3) "Consider a site specific rezoning application to permit medical marihuana production licensed pursuant to the marihuana for medical purposes regulations within the agriculture area designation subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) mitigation of potential noise, odour, glare and emissions relative to adjacent land uses through strategies, including, but not limited to: buffering, screening, building setbacks and building ventilation;
 - (b) size and configuration of the building(s) and lot;
 - (c) mitigation of potential impacts to agricultural capability of the lot, including, but not limited to: building footprint, soil classification, building location and building clustering;
 - (d) provision of security measures in accordance with federal government requirements, while respecting integration with the proposed siting and surrounding community;
 - (e) provision of adequate rainwater management to ensure that post-development peak flows do not exceed predevelopment peak flows;
 - (f) provision of adequate water supply and waste management systems;
 - (g) mitigation of potential traffic generation impacts;
 - (h) provision of adequate highway access and parking;
 - *(i)* provision for the disposal of all waste cannabis material in accordance with federal government requirements;
 - (j) mitigation of potential negative impacts on environmentally sensitive areas and/or features and the productive potential of adjacent resource lands; and

- (k) consideration of whether siting for the component parts or medical marihuana production activities should be collectively or separately, in one location or on multiple sites, including the form and character, use, community integration and environmental implications."
- Insert Section 58.(3) with "New or modified cannabis cultivation, processing and sales within the ALR should consider consistency with relevant ALR Regulations and bylaw standards as published by the Ministry of Agriculture."
- Delete Section 62.(2) "Consider medical marihuana production licensed pursuant to the marihuana for medical purposes regulations through a site specific rezoning within the resource areas designation subject to consideration of the following:
 - (a) mitigation of potential noise, odour, glare and emissions relative to adjacent land uses through strategies, including, but not limited to: buffering, screening, building setbacks and building ventilation;
 - (b) size and configuration of the proposed building(s) and lot;
 - (c) mitigation of potential negative impacts on environmentally sensitive areas including the security, quality and quantity of drinking water;
 - (d) provision of adequate rainwater management to ensure that post-development peak flows do not exceed predevelopment peak flows;
 - (e) provision of adequate water supply and waste management systems;
 - (f) mitigation of potential traffic generation impacts;
 - (g) provision of adequate highway access and parking,
 - (h) mitigation of potential negative impacts on environmentally sensitive areas and/or features."
- Insert Section 62.(2) with "Cannabis cultivation and processing should be directed away from the Comox Lake watershed and other watersheds relied upon for drinking water."
- Cannabis retail sales deemed to be a commercial use and may be considered in accordance with the OCP's existing provisions for other commercial uses.

Other Bylaw Amendments

1. Planning Procedures and Fees Bylaw, Bylaw No. 328

- Insert requirement that CVRD mail notices using notification radius used for planning applications.
- Insert referral fee of \$1,000.

2. Building Bylaw, Bylaw No. 142

• Add the following underlined portion to Section 5.(2) "(e) low human occupancy farm buildings located on land classified as "farm" under the Assessment Act on the date on which the application for permit was made, <u>except buildings and structures used for activities subject to a cultivation or processing licence under the Cannabis Act</u>:"



Appendix C: Bylaw Status Report

BYLAW NO. 584		
Bylaw Name:	Comox Valley Regional District Planning Procedures and Fees Bylaw No. 328, 2014, Amendment No. 3	
Applicant:		
Electoral Area:	All Electoral Areas	
File Number:	CP 1CV 19	
Participants:	All Electoral Areas	
Purpose:	To amend the Planning Procedures and Fees Bylaw in order to insert a fee and procedure regarding referrals of cannabis retail stores.	
Amends Bylaw:	328	
Repeals Bylaw:	N/A	
Staff Contact:	Jodi MacLean	

STATUS	
Application Received	
Electoral Areas Services Committee Approval:	Date Recommendation:
Comox Valley Regional District Board:	1st Reading:
Comox Valley Regional District Board:	2nd Reading:
Public Hearing:	
Comox Valley Regional District Board:	3rd Reading:
Ministry of Municipal Affairs and Housing:	Required: No Date Sent: Date Approved:
Comox Valley Regional District Board:	Final Adoption:

Comox Valley Regional District Bylaw No. 584

A Bylaw to Amend the "Comox Valley Regional District Planning Procedures and Fees Bylaw No. 328, 2014" in order to insert a fee and procedure regarding referrals of cannabis retail stores.

WHEREAS Section 33 of the *Cannabis Control and Licensing Act* requires the local government for the area in which a prescribed class of licence relating to the sale of cannabis is proposed to be located be given a notice of the application and requires the local government to gather the views of residents of the relevant area prior to giving comments and recommendations responding to the notice;

AND WHEREAS Section 35 of the *Cannabis Control and Licensing Act* allows a local government that, under Section 33, gives comments and recommendations may, by bylaw, impose fees on the applicant in order to recover the costs incurred in assessing the application;

NOW THEREFORE the board of the Comox Valley Regional District, in open meeting assembled, enacts the following amendments to the "Comox Valley Regional District Planning Procedures and Fees" being Bylaw No. 328:

Amendment

- 1. Schedule A of Bylaw No. 328, being the "Comox Valley Regional District Planning Procedures and Fees Bylaw No. 328, 2014" is hereby amended by:
 - a. Inserting the following:
 - "(j) Cannabis licensing
 - (i) When a notice of application is received in accordance with Division 3 of the *Cannabis Control and Licensing Act*, the views of residents shall be obtained by mailing a notice to owners and tenants. An additional method to gather the views of residents may be used when deemed appropriate by the board."
- 2. Schedule B of Bylaw No. 328, being the "Comox Valley Regional District Planning Procedures and Fees Bylaw No. 328, 2014" is hereby amended by:
 - a. Inserting the following:"(19) Cannabis licensing referral

\$1,000"

Citation

This Bylaw No. 584 may be cited as the "Comox Valley Regional District Planning Procedures and Fees Bylaw No. 328, 2014, Amendment No. 3."

Read a first time this	day of	20XX.
Read a second time this	day of	20XX.
Read a third time this	day of	20XX.

Adopted this

day of

20XX.

Chair

Corporate Legislative Officer

I hereby certify the foregoing to be a true and correct copy of Bylaw No. 584, being the "Comox Valley Regional District Planning Procedures and Fees Bylaw No. 328, 2014, Amendment No. 3," as adopted by the board of the Comox Valley Regional District on the _____ day of ______ 20XX.

Corporate Legislative Officer



Appendix D: Bylaw Status Report

BYLAW NO. 585		
Bylaw Name:	Comox Valley Regional District Building Bylaw No. 142, 2011, Amendment No. 4	
Applicant:		
Electoral Area:	All Electoral Areas	
File Number:	CP 1CV 19	
Participants:	All Electoral Areas	
Purpose:	To amend the Building Bylaw in order to clarify the applicability of the bylaw to cannabis cultivation within farm buildings.	
Amends Bylaw:	142	
Repeals Bylaw:	N/A	
Staff Contact:	Jodi MacLean	

STATUS	
Application Received	N/A
Electoral Areas Services Committee Approval:	Date Recommendation:
Comox Valley Regional District Board:	1st Reading:
Comox Valley Regional District Board:	2nd Reading:
Public Hearing:	
Comox Valley Regional District Board:	3rd Reading:
Ministry of Municipal Affairs and Housing:	Required: No Date Sent: Date Approved:
Comox Valley Regional District Board:	Final Adoption:

Comox Valley Regional District Bylaw No. 585

A Bylaw to Amend the "Comox Valley Regional District Building Bylaw No. 142, 2011" in order to clarify the applicability of the bylaw to cannabis cultivation within farm buildings.

The board of the Comox Valley Regional District, in open meeting assembled, enacts the following amendments to the "Comox Valley Regional District Building Bylaw" being Bylaw No. 142:

Amendment

In Section 5(2) deleting the following:

"(e) *low human occupancy farm buildings* located on land classified as "farm" under the *Assessment Act* on the date on which the application for *permit* was made;"

and adding the following in its place:

"(e) *low human occupancy farm buildings* located on land classified as "farm" under the *Assessment Act* on the date on which the application for *permit* was made, except buildings and structures used for activities subject to a cultivation or processing licence under the *Cannabis Act*;"

Citation

This Bylaw No. 585 may be cited as the "Comox Valley Regional District Building Bylaw No. 142, 2011, Amendment No. 4."

Read a first time this	day of	20XX.
Read a second time this	day of	20XX.
Read a third time this	day of	20XX.
Adopted this	day of	20XX.

Chair

Corporate Legislative Officer

I hereby certify the foregoing to be a true and correct copy of Bylaw No. 585, being the "Comox Valley Regional District Building Bylaw No. 142, 2011, Amendment No. 4," as adopted by the board of the Comox Valley Regional District on the _____ day of ______ 20XX.

Corporate Legislative Officer